IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (original) A method of establishing a secure authenticated channel between two devices device A and device B, where A authenticates to B using challenge/response public key cryptography, and device B authenticates to device A using a zero-knowledge protocol.
- 2. (original) The method of claim 1, in which the zero-knowledge protocol is a Guillou-Quisquater zero-knowledge protocol.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1, in which the zero-knowledge protocol is a Fiat-Shamir zero-knowledge protocol.
- 4. (original) The method of claim 1, in which the zero-knowledge protocol is a Schnorr zero-knowledge protocol.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 1, in which device B authenticates to device A using a combination of the zero-knowledge protocol and a broadcast-encryption system, where a secret used in the zero-knowledge protocol is scrambled such that it can only be

obtained by those that can process a broadcast encryption key-block successfully.

- 6. (original) The method of claim 5, where the secret used in the zero-knowledge protocol is encrypted by the root-key K_{root} of a broadcast encryption system key-block.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 5, where there is one key block with a root key $K_{\text{root},1}$ to allow for authentication, and another key block with root key $K_{\text{root},2}$ for content encryption.
- 8. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 or 5, where the zero-knowledge pair $\{J,s\}$ is different for every key-block.
- 9. (currently amended) The method of claim lor 5, in which device B generates a bas key and sends the bas key to device A.
- 10. (currently amended) The method of claim 9—as dependent from 5, in which device A only accepts the bas key if device A can verify that device B can descramble the secret.
- 11. (original) A system comprising a first device A and a second device B, where the device A is arranged to authenticate to the

device B using challenge/response public key cryptography, and the device B is arranged to authenticate to the device A using a zero-knowledge protocol.

- 12. (original) A first device A arranged to authenticate itself to a second device B using challenge/response public key cryptography, and arranged to authenticate the second device B using a zero-knowledge protocol.
- 13. (original) A second device B arranged to authenticate itself to a first device A using a zero-knowledge protocol, and arranged to authenticate the first device A using challenge/response public key cryptography.
- 14. (currently amended) A computer program product comprising code enabling a programmable device to operate as the first device of claim 12—and/or the second device of claim 13.